國立臺北教育大學 97 學年度研究所在職進修碩士學位班招生考試
【特殊教育學系特教教學碩士學位班】

國、英文 試題

◎注意事項:
一、本試題含國文、英文兩大部分。全部題目均須作答，總分 100 分。
二、請於答案卷中作答，否則不予計分。
三、答案卷上請用蓝色或黑色筆繕寫，不得使用鉛筆。
四、作答時請先標明題號，横式書寫。

壹、國文試題：作文（50 分）

題目：論融合教育的精神

貳、英文試題（50 分）

Section I: Reading Comprehension（每題 3 分，共 30 分）

For preschool children, television cartoons could serve to stimulate them to create their own drawings if their parents provided them with the graphic materials and the indispensable encouragement.

1. The author would probably agree with which of the following?
   （A）A decision to ban television cartoons as useless is not wise.
   （B）Television cartoons are the preschooler’s primary source of creative inspiration.
   （C）For older children, cartoons have no educational value.
   （D）Cartoons accelerate a young child’s learning of new words.

Over the last decade, teachers in elementary schools have received modest pay raises regularly, but considering inflation, their salaries have decreased twenty-three percent.

2. Which of the following best expresses the point of the statement above?
   （A）Being a teacher means living at or below the poverty line.
   （B）Many teachers must hold second jobs.
   （C）The effects of inflation can negate the benefits of a pay raise.
   （D）Teachers’ salaries are not adequate.

The arts have been dismissed by some legislators as mere entertainment. As we strive not merely to amuse, but to reveal the great truths of human nature, we must remember that some regard our performances as “sound and fury, signifying nothing.”

3. The author of this passage is probably
   （A）a citizen writing to a legislator  （B）an actor writing to other actors
   （C）an actor playing a part  （D）a painter writing to other painters

4. The passage supports a concept of art as
   （A）a political activity  （B）more than entertainment
   （C）empty of entertainment value  （D）of no use to a serious audience
If we must have evaluation, at least do it without grades. Grades are not good indicators of intellectual ability; we must abolish them. Then we will have students who are motivated by factors such as interest, factors more important than a letter on a transcript. And the abolition of grades will encourage us to concentrate less on evaluation and more on instruction.

5. In order to agree with this author’s argument, we must presume that
(A) wherever grades exit, instruction is poor
(B) graded students are not good students
(C) there are indicators of intellectual ability that are better than grades
(D) grades are the remaining hindrance to effective education

6. A reader might conclude that the author feels that graded students are not motivated by
(A) interest in the subject matter of their course
(B) the prospect of a high grade point average
(C) the evaluation criteria established by their instructors
(D) a thoroughly prepared instructor

7. This passage is most probably directed at which of the following audiences?
(A) politicians  (B) parents  (C) students  (D) teachers

“Open houses” should be offered, as they enable a school district to present the school programs to the community. Effective open-house activities can further community participation in the educational process.

8. Which of the following is an unstated assumption of the author of this passage?
(A) Many school districts never hold an open house.
(B) Open-house activities are very rarely effective.
(C) Community participation has a positive effect on the educational process.
(D) Most participants in open-house activities do not take a wholehearted interest in the enterprise.

It is an important guideline to avoid discussing other students during a parent-teacher conference. Such comments often result in an emotional reaction by the parent and can interfere with the purpose of the conference.

9. Which of the following facts, if true, would most strengthen the argument of the passage?
(A) Researchers witnessing parent-teacher conferences have verified that parents become angry in 90% of the conferences in which other students are discussed.
(B) Most parents avoid taking the trouble to attend a conference.
(C) The child’s relationship with other students is most often the cause of problems that necessitate a conference.
(D) Emotional reactions by parents must be understood as the parents’ legitimate expression of deeply felt concerns.

A lesson plan is basically a tool for effective teaching. Its primary importance is to present objectives and content in a logical and systematic manner; as such, it is an integral part of the instructional process.

10. Which of the following is an unstated assumption made by the author of this passage?
(A) All features of the instructional process should have the same logical, systematic qualities as the lesson plan.
(B) Teachers should not deviate from the lesson plan in any case.
(C) Students learn best when material is not presented in a disorganized or unplanned manner.
(D) The lesson plan is by far the most important tool for effective teaching.
Section II: Vocabulary (每題 2 分，共 20 分)

In each of the following sentences, a word is underlined. Below each sentence are four other words or phrases. Please choose the one which would best keep the meaning of the original sentence if it were substituted for the underlined word.

1. Poor eating practices and nutrition have pronounced effects on mental and physical development.  
   (A) obvious (B) important (C) greatly (D) most

2. We had to abandon our abortive attempts.  
   (A) successful (B) unsuccessful (C) active (D) obsessive

3. I am afraid that this statement will instigate a revolt.  
   (A) urge (B) really (C) become (D) attempt

4. The foolish gambler soon found himself bereft of funds.  
   (A) earning (B) making (C) using (D) lacking

5. In those days of inflated prices, my salary provided mere subsistence.  
   (A) decrease (B) increase (C) existence (D) extinction

6. Northern and southern Ireland are politically and religiously sundered.  
   (A) integral (B) separate (C) inclusive (D) solid

7. Rest and proper diet are conducive to good health.  
   (A) contrive (B) conductive (C) contributive (D) constructive

8. Writing a dictionary is a monumental task.  
   (A) meaningful (B) massive (C) important (D) hard

9. At times he seemed purposely to obscure his meaning, preferring mystery to clarity.  
   (A) darken (B) clear (C) overt (D) obvious

10. We cannot afford to wait while you ruminate upon these plans.  
    (A) wonder (B) hastily (C) hesitatingly (D) ponder

※本試題紙請隨答案卷繳回※